Section	Health and Safety Policy and Procedures	
Subject	Incident Reporting (HS040)	
Applies To	Employees and Subcontractors	
Effective Date	September 1996	
Last Revised	August 2019	

Policy: Community Connections Support Services (CCSS) strictly adheres to guidelines for reporting incidents established within CLBC and WorkSafe BC policy. All incidents must be documented and reports must be submitted within established time-lines to the appropriate persons / agencies. Employees and subcontractors will be trained in procedures for incident reporting including prevention, identification, reporting, and corrective actions.

Procedures:

Step 1: Determining what type of incident has taken place

The first step in following necessary protocols for reporting incidents is to determine which one of the following categories the incident falls under:

Critical Incidents are those incidents that involve or impact a person receiving services from CCSS. Critical Incidents are defined by CLBC as "Serious or unusual events that involve an individual accessing services funded by CLBC that occur while service is being delivered" (CLBC, 2016). The following incidents are defined as reportable critical incidents according to CLBC Critical Incidents Policy (2016):

- 1. Abuse:
 - a) Emotional Abuse
 - a) Financial Abuse
 - b) Physical Abuse
 - c) Sexual Abuse
- 2. Aggression between Individuals
- 3. Aggressive / Unusual Behaviour
- 4. Attempted Suicide
- 5. Choking
- 6. Death

- 7. Disease / Parasite Outbreak
- 8. Fall
- 9. Medication Error
- 10. Missing / Wandering
- 11. Motor Vehicle Injury
- 12. Other Injury
- 13. Neglect
- 14. Poisoning
- 15. Restricted Practices:
 - a) Exclusionary Time Out
 - b) Restraint
 - c) Restriction of Rights
- 16. Service Delivery Problem / Disruption of Services
- 17. Unexpected Illness / Food Poisoning
- 18. Use of Seclusion
- 19. Use or Possession of Illicit Drugs or Misuse of Licit Drugs
- 20. Weapons Use

It is mandatory for all CCSS employees and subcontractors to be familiar with CLBC definitions for critical incidents and reporting requirements. For a full description of CLBC definitions for critical incidents, please see hs040.1.

Please note: CLBC further categorizes incidents of any allegations for abuse or neglect or unexpected death as critical incidents that are urgent in nature.

Non-Critical Incidents are those incidents that involve or impact a person receiving services from CCSS but are not incidents defined as critical according to CLBC policy. A non-critical reportable incident is defined as one or more of the following:

- 1. Injuries not requiring hospitalization
- 2. Medication errors that do not result in adverse reaction to the person supported and/or not requiring doctor's intervention or hospitalization
- 3. 'Near Misses' any situation that may have resulted in a critical incident but was avoided due to circumstances or intervention.
- 4. Threats of suicide
- 5. Aggressive behaviour toward others that does not result in injury
- 6. Choking that resolves on its own (ie. does not require any first aid treatment or medical

assistance)

- 7. Falls that do not result in any injury or result in minor injury not requiring medical attention
- 8. Illness that does not require medical assistance or hospitalization
- 9. Weapons: possession of a weapon

Health and Safety Incidents are those incidents that involve or affect a person employed by CCSS or the general safety of the worksite. A health and safety reportable incident is defined as one or more of the following:

- 1. Utility failure
- 2. Communication failure
- 3. Equipment failure
- 4. Fire
- 5. Structural Damage
- 6. Natural disaster
- 7. Contamination of drinking water or a boil water advisory
- 8. Bomb threat
- 9. Medical event of an employee
- 10. Unsecured medication or hazardous and / or noxious substances
- 11. Motor vehicle accident (must also refer to hs110 Motor Vehicle Accident Reporting Policy)
- 12. Third party injury
- 13. Injury Incident or accident in the workplace resulting in injury to an employee (must also follow up with a WorkSafe BC Employer Incident Investigation form hs040.5 and all other WorkSafe BC protocols for reporting injury of an employee. See pp350)
- 14. Potential for Injury/Near Miss
- 15. Violence in the workplace resulting in injury of an employee (must also follow up with a WorkSafe BC Employer Incident Investigation form hs040.5)
- 16. Threat of violence in the workplace
- 17. Other

Step 2: Reporting the incident

Critical Incidents

- 1. Using the **right form**: All critical incidents must be reported using the CLBC Incident Report (CIR) form. A copy of the form can be found:
 - a) in CCSS policy at hs040.2,

- b) on the CCSS website at commconn.ca,
- c) on the agency server, for employees,
- d) from your Home Share Coordinator, for subcontractors
- e) on the CLBC website at http://www.communitylivingbc.ca/wp-content/uploads/CriticalIncidentReport.pdf

2. Reporting within the **right timelines**:

- a) Urgent Incidents (any allegation of abuse or neglect, unexpected death)
 - Employees and subcontractors are to notify their service coordinator or home share coordinator immediately. The service coordinator or home share coordinator is to call the local CLBC liaison analyst to notify them of the urgent incident immediately. If the incident takes place when CLBC offices are closed, the service coordinator or home share coordinator is to call the MCFD After Hours Line at 310-1234 and leave a message with details of the urgent incident.
 - A Critical Incident Report form is to be completed and faxed or delivered to the local CLBC office within 24 hours. Service Coordinators can fax these reports directly to CLBC. Home Share Providers can provide the CIR to their Home Share Coordinator to fax or deliver to CLBC within 24 hours.
- b) All other Critical Incidents
 - Employees and subcontractors are to notify their service coordinator or home share coordinator immediately and complete a CIR form.
 - The completed CIR form is to be submitted to the service coordinator or home share coordinator within 24 hours. The service coordinator or home share coordinator will review the CIR and sign it before faxing or delivering it to the local CLBC office. The CIR form must be faxed or delivered to CLBC within five (5) working days.
- 3. CCSS has developed workflow charts to assist employees in following reporting guidelines for Critical Incidents. These workflow charts can be found in policy at hs040.21 and hs040.22.
- 4. Notifying the **right people**: As noted above, CLBC and CCSS are to be notified of any critical incident involving a person receiving support.

CCSS Kelowna	275 Rutland Rd North,	
	Kelowna, BC	
	V1X 3B1	
	Fax: 250-491-2920	
	Phone: 1-888-491-2907	
	Emergency After Hours Line: 1-888-491-2907 ext. 830	

CLBC Castlegar :	#620-17 th Street	
	Castlegar, B.C.	
	V1N 4G7	
	Fax: 250-365-8560	
	Phone: 250-365-8558	
CLBC Cranbrook:	Suite 200-1212 2 nd Street North	
	Cranbrook, B.C	
	V1C 4T6	
	Fax: 250-426-1559	
	Phone: 250-426-1282	
CLBC Kelowna:	1060 Manhattan Dr #140,	
	Kelowna, BC	
	V1Y 9X9	
	Fax: 250-712-5426	
	Phone: 250-712-3610	

In the event that the person supported is also receiving support from Developmental Disability Mental Health (DDMH) and/or Health Services for Community Living (HSCL), the Service Coordinator or Home Share Coordinator is to contact local offices and leave a message informing them that a critical incident has occurred, the names of person(s) involved and notification that a Critical Incident Report has been submitted to CLBC.

Castlegar:					
DDMH	phone: 250-304-1251	HSCL	phone: 250-365-4339		
	fax: 250-304-1245		fax: 250-365-4303		
Cranbrook:					
DDMH	phone: 250-426-4822	HSCL	phone: 250-420-2243		
	fax: 250-417-2531		fax: 250-420-2243		
Creston:					
DDMH	phone: 250-304-1228	HSCL	phone: 250-428-3606		
	fax: 250-304-1228		fax: 250-428-3606		
Kelowna:					
DDMH	phone: 250-868-7788	HSCL	phone: 250-980-1400		
	fax: 250-868-7791		fax: 250-980-1501		

Non-Critical Incidents

- 1. Using the **right form**: Non-critical incidents, as previously defined, are to be reported using the CCSS Non-Critical Incident Report (NCIR) form. This form can be found
 - a) in CCSS policy at hs040.3.,
 - b) on the CCSS website at commconn.ca
 - c) on the agency server, for employees
 - d) from the Home Share Coordinator, for subcontractors.
- 2. Reporting within the **right timelines**: Non-critical incident report (NCIR) forms are to be completed and the service coordinator or home share coordinator is to be notified within 24 hours of the incident.

CCSS has developed workflow charts to assist employees in following reporting guidelines for Non-Critical Incidents. These workflow charts can be found in policy at hs040.31 and hs040.32.

3. Notifying the **right people**:

Employees are to ensure that a hard copy of the NCIR is stored in the records of the person supported for residential support. Community support workers are to provide a hard copy of the NCIR to their service coordinator.

Subcontractors are to ensure that they store a copy of the NCIR in the records of the person supported and also provide a copy of the NCIR to their home share coordinator.

Health and Safety Incidents

Please note that this report form is for employee use only.

- 1. Using the *right form*: Health and Safety incidents, as previously defined, are to be reported using the CCSS Health and Safety Incident Report (HSIR) form. This form can be found in CCSS policy at hs040.4. Employees can also find this form on the CCSS server.
- Reporting within the *right timelines*: HSIR forms are to be completed by the employee(s) involved in or witness to the incident. Reporting timelines will differ depending on the nature of the incident. CCSS has developed a workflow chart to assist employees in following reporting guidelines for Health and Safety incidents. This workflow chart can be found in policy at hs040.5 Workflow for Completing HSIR.
 - a) An incident resulting in employee injury or an incident that had the potential to result in employee injury: The affected employee is to immediately notify their service coordinator by phone that an incident of this nature has occurred. The employee must also email the service coordinator a copy of the completed HSIR within 24 hours of the incident. If the employee is unable to complete the form, the service coordinator will do so on their behalf. If there is an injury, please refer to policy pp350 for more information. For further information on determining potential for injury, please refer to hs040.5 Workflow for Completing HSIR.
 - b) An incident not resulting in employee injury or an incident with no potential for injury: The

employee is to complete a Health and Safety incident report and provide a copy to their Health and Safety officer. The Health and Safety officer is to review the HSIR within one (1) week before submitting the form.

- 3. Notifying the *right people*: Notification procedures will also differ depending on the nature of the incident being reported.
 - a) Incidents resulting in employee injury or an incident that had the potential to result in employee injury:
 - i. The employee notifies their service coordinator by phone and emails a copy of the HSIR to their service coordinator. If the employee cannot complete the form, the service coordinator is to do so on their behalf.
 - ii. The service coordinator must email a copy of the HSIR to the CCSS Health and Safety Coordinator or the Director of Strategic Management within 24 hours of the incident.
 - iii. The Health and Safety Coordinator or Director of Strategic Management will then determine if a WorkSafe BC Employer Incident Investigation is necessary (see policy hs061 Employer Investigations – Health and Safety) and follow procedures to complete the investigation.
 - iv. Once the investigation is completed, the results will be shared with the service coordinator who will then fill in the necessary sections of the HSIR and provide the completed HSIR to the site Health and Safety officer for review.
 - v. The Health and Safety officer must review and finalize the HSIR within one (1) week of the incident and submit a copy of the finalized report to the server.
 - vi. All recommendations arising from the Employer Investigation must be addressed in a timely way and completed within one (1) month of the incident according to timelines established in the WorkSafe BC Employer Investigation report. The Health and Safety Coordinator or Director of Strategic Management is to be notified of progress on recommendations as action steps are implemented.
 - b) An incident not resulting in employee injury or an incident with no potential for injury:
 - i. Employees are to ensure that a hard copy of the HSIR is submitted to the site health and safety officer
 - ii. The Health and Safety officer and service coordinator must review the HSIR within one (1) week of the incident to determine follow up action steps, where applicable, include the follow up on the HSIR form, sign, date and provide a copy of the report to the CCSS server.
 - iii. All recommendations for follow up will be reviewed with the support team at the following team meeting. Action steps, where applicable, must be completed within one (1) month of the incident.

Step 3: Recovery

Once all parties have been informed within the correct timelines and using the correct form, Service

Coordinators or Home Share Coordinators (in consult with their Senior Home Share Coordinator) are to determine what is required to restore harmony to the affected people.

This may include the need for medical support, financial support, etc. These action steps are to be noted in the following places:

- 1. For Home Share:
 - a) in contact notes for the person supported,
 - b) in the Annual Action Plan for the Home Share Provider and
 - c) as part of the applicable incident report, if possible.
- 2. For Residential Support:
 - a) in the person supported files,
 - b) as part of the applicable incident report, if possible,
 - c) as part of the next team meeting minutes.
- 3. For Community Support:
 - a) in the person supported files,
 - b) as part of the applicable incident report, if possible,
 - c) as part of the next team meeting minutes.

Step 4: Analyzing and Safeguarding Against Future Incidents

Once the situation has been reported and secured and affected parties have recovered from the incident, it is important for the Service Coordinator or Senior Home Share Coordinator to analyze the incident to determine the following:

- 1. What can be learned from the incident?
 - a) Why did it happen?
 - b) What went wrong?
 - c) How could it have been minimized or prevented?
 - d) Trends: Has it happened before? Is it likely to happen again?
- 2. How do we prevent it from happening again?
 - a) Environmental factors
 - b) Medical factors
 - c) Psychosocial factors
 - d) Educational implications
- 3. What tools can we use to plan to address underlying issues?
 - a) ISP? Health Care Plan? Risk Assessments?

This step includes generating and addressing recommendations to safeguard against future incidents. Recommendations need to be addressed as part of team meetings for residential and community support or as part of the annual action plan for home share.

Step 5: Closing the Information Loop

Once all recommendations have been addressed, the incident is considered 'closed'. At this step, the incident must be entered onto the appropriate CCSS Online Summary form for data collection purposes.

- 1. CIRs are to be entered by the Service Coordinator or the Home Share Coordinator,
- 2. NCIRs are to be entered by the Service Coordinator or the Home Share Coordinator,
- 3. HSIRs are to be entered by the Health and Safety Coordinator.

Step 6: Agency Analysis

A written analysis of all agency incidents is completed annually in the Community Connections Support Services Annual Incident Review. This formal review addresses the following:

- 1. Identification of all Critical and Non-Critical Incidents across all services areas.
- 2. Possible causes.
- 3. Identified trends.
- 4. Actions for improvement.
- 5. Identification of necessary education and training of personnel and subcontractors.
- 6. Prevention of recurrence.
- 7. Internal reporting requirements.
- 8. External reporting requirements.

The Annual Incident Review is reviewed by leadership and actions for improvement are noted in the agency's quarterly Performance Improvement Plan.

Step 7: Improving Resources

- Health and Safety: Community Connections Support Services has established a health and safety committee with health and safety officers posted at each service site. As part of our commitment to risk management and minimizing potential hazards, health and safety officers are expected to take note of any health and safety concerns, run drills and ensure emergency preparedness for the people they serve. Problem areas are to be addressed in a timely way and remedied as soon as possible. It is the expectation of CCSS that all personnel are familiar with Health and Safety Policies and Procedures as well as individualized emergency planning specific to the needs of the people they support.
- 2. Individualized Planning: Each person supported has an up-to-date individualized planning document (ISP or 6 month summary) that identifies health concerns, potential risks to safety in all domains, as well as medical diagnoses and medication needs. All supports are to be familiar with this information and any protocols established and safeguards put in place to ensure the safety and well-being of the person supported. Where applicable, comprehensive Behavioural Support Plans and Safety Plans are to be maintained for those

requiring them as a proactive approach to minimizing risks for the person supported, personnel and the person's community.

- 3. Training: Regular training in areas of health and safety such as: incident reporting, First Aid, MANDT, infection control, medication management, support protocols specific to the persons supported, evacuation procedures, emergency management, and risk management will be offered to all personnel, subcontractors and persons supported on an annual basis.
- 4. Risk Assessment: Comprehensive and detailed risk assessments are completed for all employees and all those supported by the agency. Risk Assessments are reviewed semiannually to ensure that adequate controls are being implemented to reduce or eliminate risk.

References:

CLBC Critical Incidents Service Provider Requirements Guide, 2016 CLBC Critical Incidents Policy, 2016 CLBC Critical Incident Report, 2016 WorkSafe BC Employer Incident Investigation Report, 2017 WorkSafe BC Violence in the Workplace Policy, 2017

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